

1
- Š i Š 5

OY n 0Y Á L

Z ž T “

% F M Ø B W T \$ Z D M F

% F M Ø B

F
F
F
F
F
F
F
F
F

U•1 UŽ

' J H U • S F U Ž - J O F B S S B O H F B N Q M J G J D B U J P O D V S W F P G 4 G P M E H S B E J F

ISSN 1674-6929



分子诊断与治疗杂志

JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPY

2019 9 11 5 63 Bimonthly Volume 11 Number 5 September 2019

Responsible Institution	Sun Yat sen University
Sponsor	China Family Doctors Magazine Publisher Co. Ltd.
Organizer	DaAn Gene Co., Ltd. of Sun Yat sen University
Consultant	SHEN Ziyu
Editor in Chief	LI Ming
Managing Director	JIANG Xiwen
Associate Editor	LIU Yue
Editorial Office	<JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPY> Editorial Office
Editors	LI Xiaolan LI Caizhen
Editing	China Family Doctors Magazine Publisher Co. Ltd.
Add	10-11 Fl., Xianglong Building, 179# Tian he bei Lu, Guangzhou, China 510620
Tel	020 32290789- 206 32290789- 201
E mail	jmdt@vip.163.com
CSSN	ISSN 1674- 6929 CN 44- 1656/R
Printing	TianYi Yofus Technology Co., Ltd.
Publish Date	2019.9.18
Price	RMB 15.00

分子诊断与治疗杂志

JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPY

CONTENTS

COMMENTS

WANG Jie YU Guangxin LU Fengmin 343

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

XIA Qiao LIAO Lili DONG Zhiqiang YANG Honghui JIANG Xiwen 348

LI Baoqi CHEN Peisong HUANG Hao YU Xuegao HUANG Bin 355

LU Jianhua YANG Li ZHAO Zhaoxia LI Qianlin LI Minran LIU Yuzhen DAI Erhei CHEN Xiuli 361

ZHOU Ying ZHANG Junxia HUANG Shu LIU Liming GUO Wei 365

FENG Lei 369

*WANG Shuang GUO Jie WANG Dagang SHI Jingren PAN Meichen YIN Shangqi HE Chaonan
MENG Huan ZHANG Xiang WANG Yajie* 374

HUANG Chengjun CHENG Shuquan 379

PENG Yabai PENG Yalan GUAN Jipeng WANG Min 383

LUO Lin ZHANG Tingchao LIU Shugang 387

JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPY

CONTENTS

SHAO Xiaomei YANG Yang HAN Lixia 391

CHEN Ming CAO Yang 396

YU Fengqin XU Yunfang ZHANG Qing 401

SUI Jia YU Meng ZHU Shuzhen WEI Qinzheng 408

FANG Weizhen GU Wenshen FANG Qimei ZENG Wuyi DING Rui DUAN Chaohui 414

MA Qingsong ZHANG Yunfen 418

REVIEWS

LI Jin LI Yirong 422

LIU Na LI Chunxia DONG Bing ZHOU Lulu ZHANG Ruiqin XU Guanghua 428

ZHANG Jinfeng AN Hongliang SU Rong LV Weifeng 434

: 4 H6 @3 : 4 H

: 4 H6 @3 : 4 H6 @3

: 4 H6 @3

: 4 H6 @3 : 4 H A 4 ;

: 4 H : 4 H

: 4 H W : 4 W3 Y : 4 H

: 4 H6 @3 : 4 H

Clinical application and significance of high sensitivity hepatitis B virus DNA detection

I AN9 <ie KG 9uangxin >G Fengmin

Department of Microbiology and Infectious Disease Center School of Basic Medical Sciences Peking University Health Science Center Beijing China 100191

ABSTRACT Quantitative detection of hepatitis B virus (HBV) DNA can effectively monitor the infection status and antiviral efficacy of HBV; thus, it has important clinical significance in the diagnosis and evaluation of antiviral efficacy for chronic hepatitis B (CHB). Compared with the conventional HBV DNA detection, the high sensitivity HBV DNA detection has lower detection limit and a wider linear range. It has been used as an important indicator for evaluating the virological response and the end point of treatment for CHB patients receiving nucleos(t)ide analogues in the guidelines of CHB management. In this manuscript, we review the applications of high sensitivity HBV DNA detection in screening for occult HBV infection (OBI); to enhance the safety of blood transfusions; screening for HBV infection before operation to reduce iatrogenic HBV infection; screening for HBV infection before radiotherapy and chemotherapy to reduce the occurrence of HBV reactivation; evaluating antiviral efficacy and treatment endpoints to reduce the viral rebound and CHB relapse after drug withdrawal; and predicting drug resistance mutations in HBeAg negative CHB patients.

KEYWORDS Hepatitis B virus; High sensitivity HBV DNA detection; Occult HBV infection; Nucleos(t)ide analogues



: 4 H 6 @ 3 A 4 ;
: 4 H

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

A 4 ; : 4 H

: 4 H

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H

: 4 W 3 Y : 4 H

: 4 H 3 > F

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H

: 4 W 3 Y : 4 H

: 4 W 3 Y : 4 H

%+

: 4 H

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H 6 @ 3

&"

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H

6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

" ž # G ! _ >

: 4 H

l a d ^ V : W S ^ f Z A d Y S ` [l S f [a ` ž : W b S f A d Y S ` [l S f [a G b 8 S S W Z W W f

\$ ž

\$ " # ' < ž

\$ " # % # (# + & # # + (" ž

% ž < ž

\$ " # & \$ ') \$ (& ž

& > S [?] [` F F K e S a W 5 S ^ ž ; ` U d W S e W V e W d

^ W ` U W a X : 4 H 6 @ 3 i [f Z _ g f S f [a ` e [`

[` V [h [V g S ^ # W W S e f W d V 8 X f W d U a _ b ^

U [` S f ž [9 S e f d a W \$ f W 8 a ^ & Y k & ") ž

' : a a X ` S Y E ^ W W X : X 4 S 4 W e W f 4 S ^ ž F k b W 4 Z W b

S f [f [e S X f W d f d S ` e X g e [a ` i [f Z T ^ a

Z W b S f [f [e 4 U z a @ W S Y f [# Y ? W W + *

\$ ' # %) + # % * % ž

(l S ` Y k B ` Y F E : Z W g W 5 S ^ ž 6 W f W U f [a ` a X

S f [f [e 4 h [d g e 6 @ 3 T k b a ^ k _ W d S e W U Z

_ S a X h a ^ g ` f W W d T ^ a a V V a ` a d e ` W Y S

e g d X S U W < S ` f [Y W W U f + # (% % +)

% + + ž

) 5 Z S l a g [^ ? ^ S W d [W e z A b _ ? W f S A ^ U g ^ f

Z W b S f [f [e 4 h [d g e S e e a g d U W a X [` X

b ^ S ` f d W U [b \$ W U W e % & % * + " # & \$

& (ž

* H [^ ^ 9 d 7 a f f a l g S B S X W U 8 B ž 7 h [V W ` U W X

Z W b S f [f [e 4 h [d g e [` X W U f [a ` [` b S f

f [f [e 5 i [f Z S ` V i [f Z a g f e W d a ^ a Y [U

4 < ž 6 [Y 6 [# e + E U [# * # % ž

+ 5 S U U [B a S ^ [U E [c g 8 F d W f f 8 ' 9 ž A U U g ^ f Z W b

S f [f [e 4 h [d g e [` X W U f [a ` [` b S f [W



F S c _ S ` B 5 D 6 @ 3: 4 H

6 @ 3 9 W` W4 S:` 4 H 6 @ 3

B d [' Wd E 5 F S c _ S `

+ ' # "; G! _ >

4 ^ S ` V 3 ^ f _ S ` : 4 H 6 @ 3

\$ " > # "; G! _ > # " " 3 4 5 6 7 8 : ' .

+ ' + + ž & ' .

+ # ž () . + * ž +) S b b S " ž + \$ # " ž ' PCD

r / " ž + # P < " ž " " # : 4H 6@A

: 4H 6@A FSc _ Sn PCD

Establishment and evaluation of a hypersensitivity method of real time fluorescent PCR for hepatitis B virus detection

J ; A C iao >; AO > ili DON9 L hiqiangKAN9 Honghui <; AN9 J iwen

Research Center of Medical and Pharmaceutical Bioengineering, Ministry of Health National and Regional Joint Engineering Laboratory for Clinical Medical Molecular Diagnostics, Guangdong Province Nucleic Acid Molecular Diagnostics Engineering Technology Research Center, Guangdong Provincial Clinical Medical Molecular Diagnostics Engineering Technology Center, DAAN Gene Co., Ltd. Of Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China 510085

ABSTRACT Objective Taq man real time fluorescent PCR was used to establish a method for hypersensitivity detection of hepatitis B virus DNA (HBV DNA) load hereinafter referred to as a hypersensitivity reagent and its clinical application was evaluated. Methods Based on the analysis of the HBV DNA genome sequence in GenBank, a pair of specific primers and probes were designed in the S and C regions of HBV viral genome using Primer5 Software and the reaction system and reaction conditions were optimized by Taq man probe technique. Results The established HBV DNA hypersensitivity detection method has a sensitivity of 10³ IU/ml, a linear range of 20 to 1 × 10⁷ IU/ml and an accuracy of 100%. The coverage types are A, B, C, D, E, F and H. The intra- and inter-assay coefficient of variation between batches is within 5%. The results of 5 clinical samples showed that compared with a domestic reagent

D³GkÄö. Ge ã Ge 'Q10 2 y• DsRú5 G+'GG+±1G*Â0 ,_G*ò y• DsRú5 G+'GG+¼s Q³'y Ù'y êäp;Fôp1PÔð

'
#2ž+
EerS CSre >[X EU[enLē
: 4H I orlVi [Ve AUgEetFM PerXor
_ SnLē PSnel A 4 C 6 7 F :)
#" "

r²
"ž+8
#2ž
#2ž#"
: 4H P# P+
@# ⊗

2' #' ' 2ž IG!_>
Ar[g[n E[g_o[VSI F[t
#2ž##
#+'

#2ž(

2' IG!_> 2'
z "ž >og_r IG!_>

#2ž)
: 4H #> #' + IG!

_>
#'
#> #' +
#> #'⁸ #> #'¹ #> #'⁽ #> #'['] #> #'[&] #> #'³ #> #'²
2' IG!_>

r² "ž+8
#2ž8
#> #'⁸ IG!_>
: U# #> #'⁸ IG!
> MU# #> #'³ IG!> >U#
: 4H 2'" IG!_>

2'
CH CH ' ,
#> #'⁸
IG!_> : U2 #>
#'⁸ IG!_> MU2 #> #'³ IG!_> >U2
: 4H 2'" IG!_>

& CH

U A

009

&

6 b d a T W F S c _ S `
F S T & ^ W h S ^ g S f [a ` a X U ^ [` [U S ^ e S _ b ^ W e a X Z k b W d e W ` e [f [h W
d W S Y W ` f e S ` V S V a _ W e f [U U W d f [X [W V d W S Y W ` f

"; G! _ > \$ " p#\$"

#82	#	#83
#	##	#2
#83	#2	#+'

K / ž +(" J% ž \$ \$ r / " ž ' 8 (

Ł#ž+(E6	##8
Ł#E6	"ž 3
Ave	"ž(
ž#E6	"ž"
ž#ž+(E6	ž"ž#
	ž"ž(

#ž8 3ž8 ' ž8)ž+ +ž+ #ž2 3ž(' ž+ (ž+3 8ž(

*

8 [Y ž d W d d W ^ S f [a ` S ` V U a ` e [e f W ` U k S ` S ^ k e [e d W e g ^ f e a X Z k b W d e W ` e [

\$ # # #

: 4 H

B 5 D B 5 D

5 ? ; 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 e 3 Y Da U Z W 5 a T S e

3 _ b ^ [B d W b ! 5 a T S e F S c ? S ` : 4 H 6 @ 3 ' # + : 4 e 3 Y

+ " #) ž % . : 4 e 3 Y ; 0 " " ; G ! _ > ; # " " " p " ; G ! _ > ; ;

' " " p # ; G ! _ > ; H # " " p ; G ! _ > H " ž " ' p # ! _ > : 4 H 6 @ 3 ; ; ; ; HH

P < " ž ' + : 4sAg #3 : 4H 6@A PCD

& ž . : 4H 6@A) + # ž . 2 : 4sAg

CMIA ž . # DoLZe #3

: 4H 6@A : 4sAg : 4H 6@A 2 : 4H 6@A

: 4sAg : 4H 6@A PCD : 4H 6@A

PPH @PH # " ž . CMIA : 4sAg

PPH @PH +) ž . +) ž . 8 ž . ++ ž . PCD : 4H PPH CMIA

P < " ž ' PCD : 4H 6@A CMIA

: 4H

PCD : 4H 6@A

The application value of high sensitivity HBV nucleic acid test in preoperative screening

> ; Baoqi² CHEN Peisong HGAN9 Haó KG J uegaó HGAN9 Bin

1ž Department of >aboratory ? edicine the First Affiliated Hospital Sun Kat sen Gniversity 9uangzhou 9uangdong China 510080 2ž = ing? ed School of >aboratory ? edicine 9uangzhou ? edical Gniversity 9uangzhou 9uangdong China 510180

ABSTRACT Ob\ ective To explore the application value of high sensitivity Hepatitis B virus HBV nucleic acid detection in preoperative screening? methods Serum samples were collected before surgery and HBV DNA and HBsAg in serum were detected by high sensitivity fluorescence quantitative PCR high sensitivity PCR and chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassayC? ;A ž Specimens with inconsistent results from both methods were tested for HBV DNA using the Roche Cobas AmpliPrep! Cobas Taq? an automated nucleic acid detection systemResults Among 51+ serum samples +0 cases 1) ž 3, of HBsAg positive specimens were divided into groups according to the quantitative results of HBsAg group

P' " P2 P)' = rgsSI ~ I SII[s:
 MSnn I Z[tnek G
 χ P<"ž"

χ

P<"ž" #

: 4 H 6 @3: 4 e 3 Y
 F S T#^ W a _ b S d [e a ` f Z W d W e g ^ f e a X : 4 H 6 @

CMA	PCD : 4H 6@A		
: 4sAg	ł	ž	
ł	))	#3	+"
ž	2	&2)	&2+
)+	&&"	'#+

ł ž

MSnn I Z[tnek G P<"ž"
 6@A II III IH H I : 4H
 "ž" P<
 P>"ž"

2 : 4sAg : 4H 6@A
 FSTle 2 Co_pSr[son oX: 4H 6@A c gSnt[tSt[ve resglts [n
 : 4sAg pos[t[ve sS_ples

& # '
 F S T&^ W WV Wf W# fe[Sa_ba^XVe i [f Z [` U a ` e [e f V

: 4 e 3:Y 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3
 ; G! _ > ; G! _ > ; G! _ >

4# % * \$ " ž " \$. # "	. \$ "
4# * " + (* ž ' + . # "	. \$ "
4# + " + (* ž (" . # "	. \$ "
5# # # # " " ž \$ " . # "	. \$ "
5# % + (() ž # (. # "	. \$ "
5# ' ' (% ž & " . # "	. \$ "
6' (\$ ' ž # * . # "	. \$ "
6(" ' (" ž ' # . # "	. \$ "
6() # + ' ž \$ & . # "	. \$ "
6(+ % (" ž ' % . # "	. \$ "
6() +) * ž \$ # . # "	. \$ "
6) * #) \$ " ž + (. # "	. \$ "
6* " & % # ž) (. # "	. \$ "
6(& " ž " ") ' ž (& \$ # ž)	
6* ' " ž " " # & ž " ' #) (

P<"ž'

% # '
 F S T% W Wd g _ _ S d] Wd e X a d #: 'e4S_H [b ^ X W W U T [a % (a X ž ' % . # "

	: 4sAg	: 4sAT	: 4eAg	: 4eAT	: 4UAT
4#38	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
4#8'	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
4#+"	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
C###	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
C#3+	ł	ž	ž	ł	ł
C#'	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6' (	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6("	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6()	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6(+	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6))	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6)8	ł	ž	ł	ł	ł
68'	ł	ž	ž	ž	ł
6(&	ž	ł	ž	ł	ž
68	ž	ł	ž	ž	ł

ł ž

P<
 "ž'
 P>

' B 5 D 5 ? ; 3 n .
 FSTle' FZe perXor_SnLe oXZ[gZ sens[t[ive PCD SnV CMIA n .

	E ¹ F ¹	E ¹ F ²	E ² F ¹	E ² F ²	PPH	@PH
PCD	) +	"	"	&&'	#'"ž'	#'"ž' fl
CMIA	))	2	#3	&2)	+ž	+ž'
E	F	ł	ž	fl	CMIA	P<"ž'

: 4 W3 Y : 4 e 3 Y : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 W3 Y
: 4 H # &
+ " : 4 e 3 Y : 4 H 6 @ 3
* ' ž ' (# % B 5 D
%
\$: 4 W3 Y
: 4 H
& : 4 H E
: 4 H : 4 e 3 Y : 4 e 3 Y
: 4 H : 4 H 6 @ 3
B 5 D #' (# %
: 4 e 3 Y ' & % ž & # ") ž ; & G * ! _ >
\$ #) # * \$ " ž " \$ p
+) * ž ; \$ G ! _ > # : 4 e 3 Y #
U 3 T) \$ " ž G (_ > : 4 e 3 : Y 4 W 3 : Y 4 W 3 T
: 4 U 3 T B 5 D # % UtL)eDÂÔ
+
' ž
: 4 H
B 5 D
: 4 H 6 @ 3
" p # G ! _ >
\$ " # '
) +
+ " : 4 e 3 Y : 4 e 3 Y
' ; : 4 e 3 Y ' 0 ; " G ! _ >
: 4 H 6 @ 3 ; ; ; ; H H ; ; ; ;
; HH : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 e 3 Y
" ž " " p ; " G ! _ > : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 e 3 Y : 4 H
6 @ 3 # " # \$
: 4 H
%

B 5 D 5 : 4

& + 5 : 4 # & # B 5 D . ' " ; G ! _ >

B 5 D B 5 D : 4 H 6 @ 3 # & # B 5 D

' O " \$ " p ' # "" p \$ # " ; G ! _ > # % ž ' .

% # ž # . * ž & . " ž ' ' . ž) . : 4 H 6 @ 3 3 > F 3 E F

3 E F P < " ž ' : 4 H 6 @ A

: 4eAg : 4 H 6 @ A : 4eAg

#" p 2' IG!_> >' "" IG!_> P < " ž ' PCD

: 4 H 6 @ A PCD C: 4 : 4 H 6 @ A PCD

Comparative study of high sensitivity and conventional fluorescence quantitative PCR in the monitoring of antiviral efficacy in patients with chronic hepatitis B

>G <ianhua KAN9 >i L HAO L haoxia>; C ianlin >; ? inran >; G Kuzhen DA; Erhei CHEN J iuli
 Department of >aboratory ? edicine the Fifth Hospital of Shi\ iazhuang Shi\ iazhuang Hebei China 050021

ABSTRACT Ob\ ective To compare the difference between high sensitivity and conventional fluorescence quantitative PCR in the monitoring of antiviral efficacy in patients with chronic hepatitis B CHB ž ? ethods A total of 1& 1samples of & +patients with CHB were negative . 500 ;G! m> specimens with common PCR and were reviewed with high sensitivity PCR reageResults Based on the quantitative results of serum HBV DNA using high sensitivity PCR 1negative samples with common PCR results existed in the following five conditionsnamely 0500 ;G! m> 20p 500G! m> 10p 20G! m> . 10 ;G! and negativež The proportions were 5, 31ž +, 18ž & , 30ž 5, and 5ž) , respectivelyž I ith the gradual increase of serum HBV DNA levelthe level of A>T AST levels and abnormal elevated rates in each group also showed a gradually increasing trendž However only the AST levels of each group were significantly different P < " ž ' ž As serg_ : 4H 6@A levels grSVgSIik VeUreSseV tZe pos[tive rSte SnV level oXserg_ : 4eAg [n eSLZ grogp SIso grSVgSIik VeUreSseVž A_ ong tZe_ tZe : 4eAg pos[tive rSte oX: 4H 6@A negSt[ive grogp i Ss s[gn[XUSntik loi er tZSn tZSt oX#" p2' IG!_> grogp SnV >' "" IG!_> grogp P < " ž ' ž ConUgs[on Co_pSreV i [tZ Unvent[onSI PCD U'0'Ā' U'p GP PW\$ S ID

$\bar{x} \pm s$
n
P < "Z"

B 5 D B 5 D 5 : 4 : 4 H 6 @ 3 n .
 FSTle # Co_pSr[son oXserg_ : 4H 6@A reslts Teti een Z[gZ sens[tiv[tk SnV nor_SI PCD [n C: 4 pStjents n .

P > "Z' : 4H 6@A
 <#" IG!_> #"p2' IG!_> : 4H
 6@A>' "" IG!_> C: 4 AEF
 P "Z'#" "Z'#2
 "Z' 23
 P>"Z' : 4H 6@A
 A>F AEF
 P>"Z'
 \$ 5 : 4 : 4 H 6 @ 33 > F3 E F
 $\bar{x} \pm s$

Table 2 Relationship between serum HBV DNA an ALT
 an AST in CHB patients $\bar{x} \pm s$

: 4 H 6 @ 3	3 > F	G! _ >	3 E F	G! _ >
; G! _ >				
O " " # + * & \$ z % Z%#Z(%# z %) Z#& z %				
\$ " p ' " " & ' # "\$ \$ z \$ + Z# " z++\$ " z % " Z#)' z *				
# " p \$ " \$ ((\$ % z \$ (Z#' \$ z \$) z) \$ * z * Z#				
. # " & % & + z %%" Z\$(+z(' # % z \$ * Z# # z *				
* # # \$ z '\$ ' z+'z z) " " \$ \$ Z%*z z)				
O " ;" G! _ > P<"Z'				

P "Z' 33 "Z'"(: 4eAg
 P>"Z' 3
 % 5 : 4 : 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 W3 Y : 4 U
 $\bar{x} \pm s$

Table 3 Relationship between serum HBV DNA loa an
 HBeAg an anti hbc status in CHB patients $\bar{x} \pm s$

HBV DNA IU ml n	: 4eAg	: 4U
500	#+ #(8&z2 s #3(z z 22#z+ #+ #" "Z' 83&z &' z&	
20 500	& 2+ (&z& 3&z) z##z# & #" "Z' + #z z &(z)	
10 20	2(#+) 3&# s ' z z ##zB 2(#" "Z' #") z z 3&z	
10	&3 2(("z &3(z 23z) &3 #" "Z' #" &z z' "z	
	8 2 z z' &z' z) z) 8 #" "Z') &z z' "z	
: 4H 6@A P<"Z'		

B 5 D
 # & # : 4 H
 . ' " ;" G! _ > 5 : 4
 B 5 D *
 ' z) : 4 H
 _ D @ 3
 # p % " ! ` f (! : 4 H 6 @ 3
 & D @ 3 # p \$
 B 5 D E 5

P<"ž" : 4H 6@A
 : 4eAg
 : 4H 6@A
 : 4eAg #p2' IG!_> >' ""
 IG!_> P<"ž" : 4H 6@A
 C: 4
 : 4H 6@A
 : 4H
 : 4H 6@A
 2& : 4H 6@A
 H D 2& : 4H 6@A <23 log IG!_>
 3 H D +8& 2& : 4H
 6@A : 4eAg # 2& : 4H
 6@A<(3 IG!_> 2 : 4eAg
 &32 #
 #2#3
 : 4H 6@A
 PCD
 ' "" IG!_>
 : 4H 6@A
)
 2
 : 4H 6@A

I orIV : eSlž ArgSn[St[onž 9g[Vel[nes Xor tze preven
 t[on UBre SnV treSt_ent oXpersons i [tž UZron[U ZepSt[
 t[is 4 [nXUt[onžI orIV : eSlž ArgSn[St[on 2' # ž
 2 FerrSgl t @A >o] AEF MUMSZon 4< et Slž GpVSte
 on prevent[on V[Sgnos[s SnV treSt_ent oX UZron[U
 ZepSt[t[is 4 AAE>6 2' #8 ZepSt[t[is 4 gg[VSnUe < ž
 : epStologk 2' #8 () & # (" # ++ž
 3 7gropeSn Assou[St[on For FZe EtgMk AXFZe >[verž 7A
 E> 2' #) Cl[n[USI PrSU[Le 9g[Vel[nes on tze _ SnSge
 _ent oXZepSt[t[is 4 v[rgrs [nXUt[on < ž <ogrnsI oXZepS
 tologk 2' #) () 2 3) " 3+8ž
 & ESr[n E= = g_Sr M >Sg 9= et Slž As[Sn PSU[XU
 U[n[USI prSU[Le gg[Vel[nes on tze _ SnSge _ent oXZepS
 t[t[is 4 S 2' # gpVSte < ž: epStologk [nternSt[onSI
 2' #(# # # +8ž
 , ž
 2' # < ž
 2' # 23 #2 888 +' ž
 (ž L ž
 2' ") ž#3+ # 3ž
) = Sn[S 6 A tto_Sn[> MeVS @ et Slž PerXor_SnUe oX
 ti o reSl t_ePCD SssSks Xor ZepSt[t[is 4 v[rgrs 6@A Ve
 tel[on SnV c gSnt[tSt[on< ž < H [rol MetZovs 2' #&
 2' # 2& 3' ž
 8 >[g C CZSng > <[S F et Slž DeSl t_ePCD SssSks
 Xor ZepSt[t[is 4 v[rgrs 6@A c gSnt[XUSt[on _Sk rec [gre
 ti o V[Xerent tSrgets < ž H [rol < 2' #) #& # +8ž
 + Egn E Meng E LZSng D et Slž 6velop_ent oXS
 nei Vgplej reSl t_e polk_erSse UZS[n reSU[on SssSk
 Xor ZepSt[t[is 4 v[rSI 6@A Vetel[on < ž H [rol < 2' #
 8 22) ž
 # E Z[n <l <gng El PSr] 4D et Slž PreV[U[on oXre
 sponse to entelSv[r tZerSpk [n pSt[ents i [tž : 4eAg
 pos[t[ive UZron[U ZepSt[t[is 4 TSseV on on treSt_ent : 4
 sAg : 4eAg SnV : 4H 6@A levels < ž < H [rSI : ep
 St 2' #2 #+ #) 2&) 3#ž
 ## Peng CK : s[eZ FC : s[eZ FK et Slž: 4H 6@A lev
 el St (_ontZs oXentelSv[r treSt_ent prev[U[ts : 4eAg
 loss [n : 4eAg pos[t[ive UZron[U ZepSt[t[is 4 pSt[ents< ž
 <For_os MeV Assou 2' # ##& & 3' 8 3#3ž
 #2 PSi lots] k <M 6gsZe[o 9 : St[SI] [s A et Slž H [ro
 log[U_on[tor[ng oXZepSt[t[is 4 v[rgrs tZerSpk [n U[n[USI
 tr[SI s SnV prSU[Le reb__enVSt[ons Xor S stSnVsrV
 [IeV SproSLZ < ž 9Sstroenterologk 2' " 8 #3& 2
 &" &# ž
 #3 >o] AEF MUMSZon 4< CZron[U ZepSt[t[is 4 < ž: ep
 Stologk 2' ") & 2 ' ") ' 3+ž

\$ # # %

: 4 H 6 @ 3 # " " ; " G ! _ >

: 5 5 : 4 H 6 @ 3

\$ " # (\$ \$ " # * # "

: 4 H 6 @ 3 # " " ; " G ! _ * (: 5 5

: 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3

+ (: 5 5 : 4 H 6 @ 3 # " ; G ! _ } &)) ž # .

: 4 H 6 @ 3 # " ; G ! _ > 3 > F 9 F : 4 H 6 @ 3

" ; G ! _ > : 5 5 : 4 H

6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

Clinical value of high sensitive HBV DNA detection in hepatitis B related hepatocellular carcinoma

L hou King L hang <unxia Huang Shu >iu >iming 9uoI e³

1ž Hubei NOžPeople s Hospital of <ianghan GniversityHepatology Department of ;ntegrated Traditional Chinese and I estern ? edicineI uHan HuBei China & 30033 2ž Hubei NOžPeople s Hospital of <ianghan Gniversity Clinical >aboratoryHuBei provinceI uHan & 30033 3ž Tong\ i Hospital Affiliated to Tong\ i ? edical CollegHuazhong Gniversity of Science and TechnologyDepartment of ;nfectious Disease I uHan HuBei China & 30030

ABSTRACT Ob\ ective To investigate the relationship between hepatitis B virus serum high sensitivity HBV DNA detection and hepatocellular carcinoma(HCC) by detecting low viral HBV DNA. 1 000 ;G! m> in patients with hepatitis B associated hepatocellular carcinoma(HCC) ž ? ethods From February 201(to October 2018 +(patients with HCC who had HBV DNA levels of less than 1000 ;G! m> in the general outpatient and inpatient hospitals of the Third People Hospital of Hubei Province affiliated to <ianghan Gniversity were selectedž Serum high sensitivity HBV DNA was detected to analyze the correlation and clinical significance of serum immunological markers,liver function markers and HBV DNA level. Results Of the+(patients with hepatitis B related HCC &)) ž 1 had HBV DNA levels greater than 10 ;G! m>ž The incidence of cirrhosis and liver function 9T in patients with HBV DNA levels greater than 10 ;G! m> were higher than those with HBV DNA levels less than 10 ;G! m>ž Conclusion HBV related HCC is associated with the continuous replication of hepatitis B virusž High sensitive HBV DNA detection is more clinically significance than HBV DNA detection by common fluorescent probe methodsž = EK I ORDS Hepatitis B virus >ow serum hepatitis B virus DNA level Hepatocellular carcinoma High sensitive HBV DNA detection

χ P<"Ž'#

\$: 4 H 6@3

FST\$^ W/S [W` f e i [f Z e Wd g _ Z [Y Z e W` e [f [h [f k : 4 H 6@3

^ Wh W^ e S d W S e e a U [S f W V i [f Z U [d d Z a e [e S ` V S ` f [h [d S ^ f d W S f _ W ` f

: 4 H : 4 H
6@3 6@3

: 4 H %(# + # + ž * #) #) ž)

: 4 H

: 4 H (" ' ' ') ž % ' ' ž \$

: 4 H 6@3

: 4 H 6@3

) % (% (' ž (# " # " ž &

: 4 H

\$ % # # # ž ' # \$ # \$ ž ' 6@3 B 5 D

" " ;" G ! _ >

: 4 H 6@3

2ž3 : 4H

6@A

+(: CC

) *

3 : 4eAg : 4H 6@A>#" IG!

: 4 H 6@3 B 5 D

_> +ž(: 4eAg

: 4 H 6@3

: 4H 6@A>#" IG!_>)' .

+#"

χ P>"ž'

: 4 H 6@3 # " " ;" G ! _ >

: 5 5

: 4 H 6@3

+ ()) ž # .

: 4 H 6@3

: 4 H

6@3

7 E 3 >

: 4 H B 5 D

/# " ;" G ! _ >

##

: 4 H 6@3

: 4 H

: 5 5

2ž& : 4H

6@A

\$ # &

+(: CC

A>F 9F

: 4 W3 Y

: 4 H

)2)'ž' A>F 9F

: 4 W3 Y

: 4 H 6@3

: 4H 6@A

: 4 H 6@3

A>F 9F

&

: 4 W3 Y

P<"ž'

\$
* " W : 4 W3 Y
: ' 4 H 6 @B 4/ c6 c-83@E410468197(\$T:£ 4p# F " H , # F xAf@ @ % % Ç#P V\$@ : 4 W3 Y

Wt#3/æ/F "T V MÑ| # D, €JDDô V M0•XDαUD'3 ö D,,D p H Ü3t BaV TJEv m)wATaDSEDí)wAB ADaUDαUD



Dð

; 4"ß

\$: 4 H 6 @ 3 ; G ! _ >
F S T # ^ W W f W d _ [` S f [a ` a X : \$ H W 6 @ 3 W 6 W e g ^ f e T k

\$ \$: 4 H 6 @ 3 n .
FSTle 2 Co_pSr[son oX: 4H 6@A pos[tive rStesVeteUteV
Tk 2reSgents n .

χ^2 P

2 2"Z"#

% \$: 4 H 6 @ 3 n .
FSTle 3 Co_pSr[son oX: 4H 6@A levels VeteUteV Tk 2reSgents n .

	n/##"	n/)"	&	n/)+	>&	n/#" #	n/##2	: 4sAg	n/(8
P	#Z#+	#Z8	#Z&B	#Z+8	#Z&		#Z&	Z++	
P	"Z'	#Z(	2 (8	"Z&	#Z&		<"Z' #	3Z(
P	"Z)+			"Z +			<"Z' #		

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H

" %))

' \$ Z \$. %' # & '

+ Z & .

##

P<"Z"#

B 5 D : 4 H 6 @ 3

s

: 4H 6@A

: 4 H 6 @ 3 B 5 D

: 4sAg

P<"Z' #

: 4eAg

#) #*

: 4 H 6 @ 3

#+ 2'

: 4H

6@A

% ' 5 E

W

5 E

#

Z

&# (# *

< Z

* " : 4 W 3 Y

2' #8 3) 2(#++ 2' #Z

. B S DĚU'

UŽJŮ

% D

B 5 D

: 4 H 6 @ 3

' # &

B 5 D

: 4 H 6 @ 3

)) ž \$) * ž ' .) ž \$. * ž (.

E b WS d _ S `

: 4 H 6 @ 3 \$ " p ## Z') G ! _ >

r / " ž + ((P < " ž " " #

4 ISnV Alt_Sn 2

: 4H 6@A 2' p#ž) > #⁸ IG!_>

6@A

PCD

Clinical comparative study of two quantitative methods for HBV DNA detection

I AN9 Shuang 9GO <ie I AN9 Dagang SH; <ingren PAN ? eichen K;N Shangqi HE Chaonan ? EN9 Huan L HAN9 J iang\ AN9 Ka\ ie

Clinical >aboratoryBei\ ingDitan HospitalCapital ? edical GniversityBei\ ingChina 100015

ABSTRACT Objective To compare the results of a domestic real time fluorescent quantitative PCR of / Domestic reagentfi with a imported reagent/ ;mported reagentfi for detection of hepatitis B virus DNAž ? ethods A total of 51& plasma samples of chronic hepatitis B were collected according to the results of imported reagent testž HBV DNA was quantitatively detected by domestic automatic nucleic acid extractor and PCR high sensitive reagent in parallel to analyze the difference and correlation between the results of imported and domestic reagentsž Results The positive detection rates of imported and domestic reagents were)) ž 2, and the non conformity rates were 2, and (, respectivelyž There was no significant difference between the2 reagentsž Spearman correlation analysis showed that the correlation coefficient r / " ž + ((P < " ž " " # oX: 4H 6@A VetelUteV Tk tZe 2 reSgents [n tZe rSnge oX2' p#ž) > #⁸ IG!_> [nV[US]ng tZSt tZe 2 reSgents ZSV strong UbrrelSt[on 4ISnV Alt_Sn SnSlks[s sZoi eV tZSt tZere i Ss S Z[gZ Ubs[stenLk Teti een tZe 2 _etZovs [n v[te]loSV2VeteU[onž 6@ Ve p#ž)

Z Wb S f [f [: e 4 H h [d g e
\$ ž ')

* * ž) \$ ' .

: 4 H

5 Z d a ` [U Z Wb S f [f [e 4

\$: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H : 4 H 6 @ 3

% : 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H

&

B 5 D : 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

B 5 D

() : 4 H

: 4 H

t

\$

4ISnV Alt_Sn

\$

χ

\$

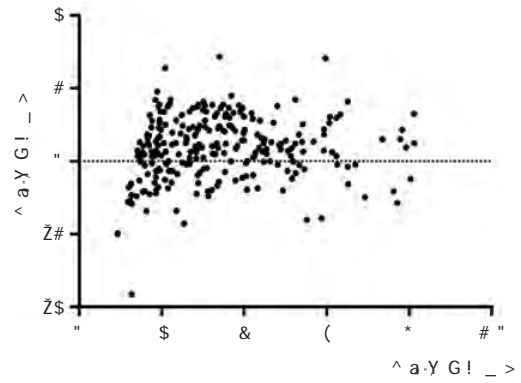
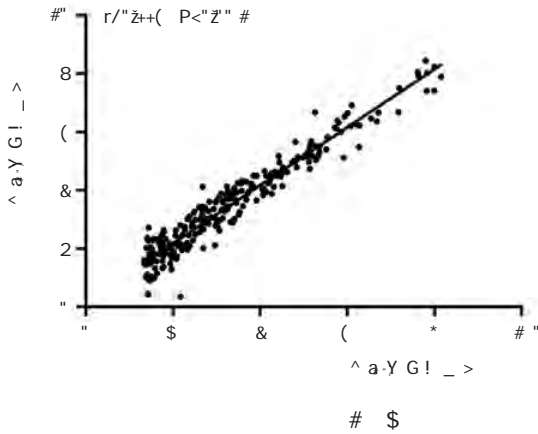
F S T # ^ W Z S d S U f W d [I S f \$ d W S U a W ` b f S e d [e a ` a X

) * ž '&.'" '&# & \$
P>"ž'

\$ \$
F S T \$ 5 W _ b S d [e a ` a X \$ f i W S \ d W W e f g e ` f e a X

!

)ž 3)! #& 8ž(&&' #&
P>"ž'
: 4H <2' IG!_>
)3 ' & 2
28 '' ž&



8 [Y # d W 5 a d d W ^ S f [a ` S ` V U a ` \$ d W S W W U f k e S ` S ^ k e [e T W f i W W`

: 4 H / ; G! _ ž p#³
#)+
r "ž)8
P "ž IG ž "ž c

: 4 H 6 @ 3

##%

P<"ž" ž For tze #T Fkpe UZron[U: epSt[t]s C i Zo i ere treStev
i [tZ Snt[v[rSI tZerSpk Xor 2 i ee] s nor_SI _etZov ZSs VetelUteV (USses #3, Ss pos[t]ve i Z[]e tze Z[gZ
sens[t]ve _etZov ZSs VetelUteV &2 USses +#ž3, ž For tZose treStev Xor & i ee] s tze nor_SI _etZov ZSs
VetelUteV " USses Xor pos[t]ve Z[gZ sens[t]ve _etZov & USses 8ž), ž FZe #2 i ee] nor_SI _etZov ZSs
VetelUteV " USse Xor pos[t]vež FZe Z[gZ sens[t]ve _etZov ZSs VetelUteV # USse 2ž2, Xor pos[t]vež FZe VetelUteV
oXpos[t]ve rSte Tk tze Z[gZ sens[t]v[tk _etZov i Ss s[gn]X[USnt]k Z[gZer tZSn tZSt oXtze nor_SI _etZov St tze
level oX 2 i ee] s treSt_ent P<"ž" ž FZere i Ss no stSt[st[USI V[Xeren]e Teti een tze ti o grogops Texore tze
treSt_ent or SXer tze treSt_ent Xor & i ee] s SnV Xor#2 i ee] s P>"ž" ž ConUgs[on : [gZ sens[t]v[tk
SssSks Sre gseV to _on[tor SnV evSlgSte pSt]ents i [tZ UZron[U ZepSt[t]s C i [tZ greSter sens[t]v[tk SnV USn Te
gseV to gg[ve tze Sssess_ent oXtze eX[USLk oXUZron[U ZepSt[t]s Cz

= 7K I AD6E UZron[U ZepSt[t]s C Z[gZ sens[t]ve: CH D@A Ant[v[rSI

ZepSt[t]s C v[r]gs : CH D@A

<# "" IG!_>

p2' IG!_>

: CH D@A

#

\$ \$ & (

n

FSTle 2 Co_pSr[ng tZe pos[t]ve perUentSges [n tZe proLess
oXSnt[v]rSl treSt_ent i [tZ 2_etZovs n

	2	&	#2
	&(#" "	(#3	" " " "
	&(#" "	&2 +#Z3	& 8) # 2Z2fi
χ	' (Z&'	2Z3 2	"Z'"
P	"	"#2	#Z'

n

χ P<"Z'

Z'

: 5 H

(" *p

: 5 H

" " " : 5 H

(" "

: 5 H

P>"Z'

&Z#

#" Z

P<"Z'

#

\$

()

: 5 H

n

FST#^ Wa_bSd [Se wV Z&Ve [` f Z W [` f [S ^ f d W S f _ W ` f
Ydagb S ` V f Z W V dg Y n [f Z V d S i S ^ Ydagb

5 H D @ 3

: 5 H D @ 3

n/#3'

n/#88

: 5 H

#2 +(Z ' 3Z (&Z# #&2 +' Z+

D @ 3

#2(+(Z+ & 3# # (#' Z #32 8+Z

χ

"Z'"

&Z+#

%"

P

#Z'

"Z'2)

: 5 H D @ 3

2Z 2

: 5 H D @ 3

&(#T

2

2

: CH D@A

P<

"Z'

&

#2

: 5 H

P>"Z'

2

: 5 H

r/"ž+8 P<"ž'"# žFZe V[XerenLe SnSlks[s sZoi eV tZSt tZe
eSn V[XerenLe Teti een tZe c gSnt[tSt[ve vSlges oX[porteV SnV Vo_est[UreSgent reSgents i Ss Žž33 log#" IG!
> SnV tZe +' Ubn[XVenLe [ntervSl i Ss Ž"ž+# (p"žZ log#" IG!>ž+(. #" +##& oXtZe sS_ple vSlges
i ere i [tZ[n tZe +' Ubn[XVenLe [ntervSlž ConUgs[on 6o_est[U reSgent ZSs S Z[gZ UbrrelSt[on SnV
Ubn[sstenLk i [tZ tZe [_ porteV reSgentž
= 7K I AD6E : epSt[t[s C v[rSI loSV UbrrelSt[on Ubn[sstenLk

ZepSt[t[s

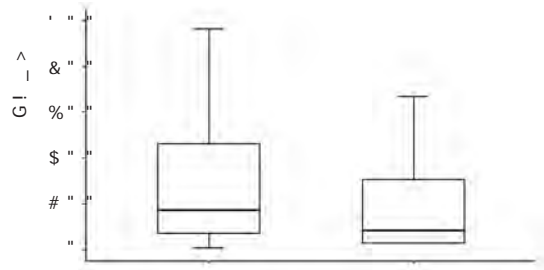
C v[rrgs : CH

D@A

3, #ž) : CH
3ž #
: CH ^{2&}
: CH

: CH D@A
: CH
(#32
: CH
2
2
t 2
4ISnV Alt_Sn 2
P<"ž'

\$
F S T#^ Wa _ b S d [e a ` a X b S d S \$ d W S W W V S € S T W f i W W`



.# " ;" G! _ >
 % \$: 5 H
 8 [Y g d 5 W _ b S d S f [h W S ` S ^ k e [e a X : 5 H h [d
 T k \$ d W S Y W ` f e

t t/ 32
 P/"Z"# #
 <#" "" IG!_> >#" "" IG!_>
 t >#" "" IG!_>
 2 t/ 2 P/
 "Z'2 2 <#" "" IG!_>
 t/ 23' P/"Z'3 3

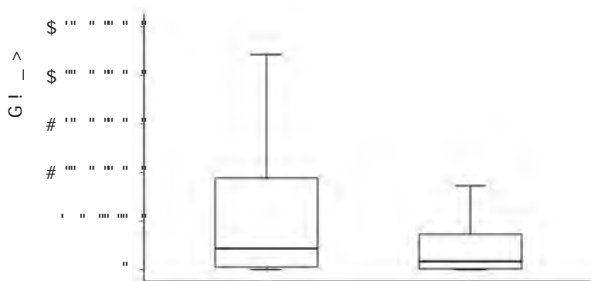
r/
 "z+8 P<"Z"#
 &
 +(#' +!##& +'

2' "" "" "" "" ""
 G! _ ^
 # "" "" "" "" ""
 # "" "" "" "" ""
 . "" "" "" "" ""



\$: 5 H
 8 [Y g d 5 W _ b S d S f [h W S ` S ^ k e [e a X : 5 H h [d
 T k \$ d W S Y W ` f e

& \$: 5 H
 8 [Y g d 5 W _ b S d S f [h W S ` S ^ k e [e a X : 5 H h [d
 T k \$ d W S Y W ` f e



^ " z "
 z" z '
 z# z "
 z# z '
 \$ % & ' ()
 ^ a Y G! _ >

O# " ;" G! _ >
 \$ \$: 5 H
 8 [Y g d 5 W _ b S d S f [h W S ` S ^ k e [e a X : 5 H h [d
 T k \$ d W S Y W ` f e

\$: 5 H
 8 [Y g d 5 W _ b S d S f [h W S ` S ^ k e [e a X : 5 H h [d
 T k \$ d W S Y W ` f e

: 5 H D @ 3

" # \$

: 5 H

%

: 5 H

&

' .

\$
B 5 D

&

(
% \$

+ " ž + # \$ " !

€ U 3 • ð

W : 4 W3 Y : 4:W4 W3 T
 \$ " # (# \$ " #) # \$. " "
 : 4 W3 Y : 4 W # \$ \$ W #) % W
 \$ " ' % : 4 W3 Y : 4:W4 H 6 @ 3 3 8 B
 (* ž " : 4 W3 Y# p # '5 ž " " ž * . O# " "5A"; W
 P<"ž'" (ž+ : 4e "p#ž' CAI #2ž. "p"ž' CAI e
 P<"ž'" (&ž. : 4H 6@A ' > # " 2p# # ") !
 _> &ž+ ># # ") ! _> e #ž+ ># # ") ! _> e ># # ") ! _>
 3 P<"ž'" A>F &'ž. F4A &3ž. AFP
 32ž. e e P<"ž'" : 4eAg : 4e
 : 4H 6@A AFP
 : 4eAg : 4e

Clinical characteristics of chronic hepatitis B patients with both HBeAg and HBeAb positive

>GO >in L HAN9 Tingchao>;G Shugang
 >aboratory Departmentuangyuan Hospital of Traditional Chinese ? edicinuangyuan Sichuan China
 (28000

ABSTRACT Objective To investigate the clinical features of hepatitis B e antigen (HBeAg) and anti-HBe/HBeAb double positive chronic hepatitis B patients. Methods 500 patients with chronic hepatitis B from January 2010 to December 2011 were selected as subjects. 22 cases in group of both positive 1) 3 cases in group of HBeAg positive 205 cases in group of HBeAb positive. The distribution of HBeAg/HBeAb and HBV DNA copies in the three groups was compared. The abnormal liver function index and AFP results were evaluated. Results In the double positive group (82.0% of patients had HBeAg titer 10³ IU/ml; and only 0.8% of patients had HBV DNA copies 10³ IU/ml; which was significantly different from the e antigen positive group. Conclusion In the double positive group, the HBeAg titer was significantly higher than the e antigen positive group. The HBV DNA copies were significantly lower than the e antigen positive group. The abnormal liver function index and AFP results were significantly different from the e antigen positive group.

n
 $\bar{x} \pm s$ F P < "ž"

P < "ž" 2
 \$ W : 4 W

n
 FSTle 2 Co_pSr[son oXSnt[: 4e V[st[r]Tgt[on Teti een
 VogTle pos[t]ve grogp SnV e Snt[ToVk pos[t]ve grogp n

P < "ž" #

	"p"ž CAI	p"ž CAI	p#ž CAI
e	#22 # 2ž	2+ 23ž	)8 (3ž+
χ^2	2' #)' 8 ž&	2' +ž	#' &ž+
P		#) +ž&3'	<"ž"

W : 4 W3 Y n
 FSTle # Co_pSr[son oX: 4eAg V[st[r]Tgt[on [n VogTle pos[t]ve
 grogp SnV: 4eAg pos[t]ve grogp n

	#p#"ž CAI	#p#"ž CAI	>#"ž CAI
e	#22 83 (8ž'	38 3#ž#	# "ž
χ^2	#)3 "' 28ž+	'" 28ž+	)3 &2ž
P		)3ž #	<"ž"

P < "ž" 3

% % : 4 H 6 @3 n ! _ >
 FST% Wa_b Sd [e a ` a X f Z W d S f [a a X : 4% 6 @ 3 t e g S ` fl [f > S f [h W ^ Wh W ^ e [`

	<'> # ²	p# # ^{&}	p# # ⁾	># # ⁾
e	#22 3) 3'ž	28 23ž'	' # &#ž	(&ž+
e	#)3)# &#ž'	#8 #' ž&	(# 3'ž	23 #3ž
χ^2	2' #&')"ž	&' #+ž	2' +ž	" "ž
P		#' 3ž #'		<"ž"

: 4 e 3:Y4 W3 Y : 4 U 3 Y
 (p *) : 4 W3 Y
 * + : 4 e 3:Y4 W3 Y
 P < "ž" : 4 e

& : 4 W # " # s

: 4 H

W

: 4 W3 Y: 4 H

: 4 W

W

: 4 W3 Y

: 4 H

%

&

: 4 H

(

: 4 H @ 3

) ž # (

& 3 8 B n . FSTle & >[ver XgnUt[on [nVej SnV AFP STnor_ Sl[tk rSten .									
	n	A>F	AEF	A>P	99F	F4I>	64I>	F4A	AFP
W	#22	&+ &" 72	3' 287)	2(2#73	3' 287(	&# 337(	33 2) 7'	' 3 &37&	3+ 327'
W	#) 3	&# 237)	&+ 2873	28 # (72	&+ 2873	&+ 2873	&(2(7(	' & 3#72	3" #) 73
W	2''	3) #87'	(2 3' 78	2) #' 7(	(# 2+78	(8 3372	() 327)	') 2) 78	3& # (7(
χ^2		2' 7#8'	" 7#88	37) 3&	#7' 2(	#732'	27' &(	87) 8)	#27) 8#
P		<" 7'	>" 7'	>" 7'	>" 7'	>" 7'	>" 7'	<" 7'	<" 7'

2

: 4H

: 4eAg

: 4e

#

: 4H 6@A

RTG @ - RRvg 62% F d 1 z ÷ H' "¥P %'fsÂ `UÅQ•Â 85:Ð,P...“R×•ó ;5ó s5ó ÈÐpe@

\$

5 5 k e 5 : 3 D ;

\$ " # (# \$ \$ " # * + (%

% "

5

P/" Z' 3(" z' z" z' : ADI " z' 3z" z' # P<" z' " #

: ADI C r_/" z' 3# P<" z' " # DAC : ADI CksC

CZ[IV PggZ C P/" z' 3) C

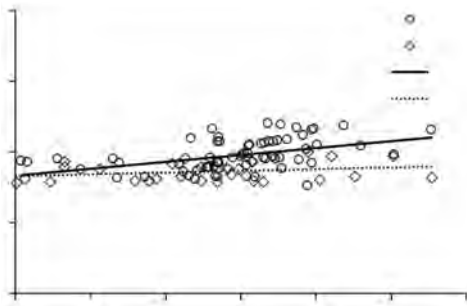
C

Clinical significance of cystatin C and hepatic artery resistance index in patients with liver cirrhosis

SHAO J¹ iaomel KAN⁹ Kang HAN²ixia²

¹ Department of clinical laboratory, the affiliated hospital of Liaoning university of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Shenyang Liaoning China 110032 ² Department of Clinical Laboratory, the First Affiliated Hospital of Dalian Medical University, Dalian Liaoning China 110002

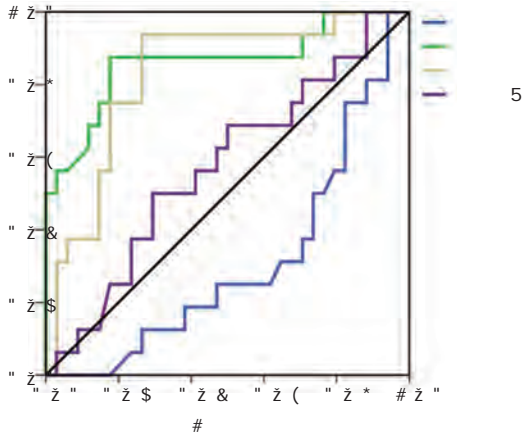
ABSTRACT Objective To evaluate the clinical significance of cystatin C (CysC) levels and hepatic artery resistance index (HAR) in evaluating cirrhosis in patients with fibrosis. Methods A cross-sectional study of 30 patients with cirrhosis who underwent examination and treatment from December 2017 to September 2018 was selected. The control group consisted of 30 healthy individuals matched for age and sex. Serological testing, abdominal Doppler ultrasonography and upper abdominal endoscopy were performed in healthy people and patients with cirrhosis. Results Compared with the control group, Cystatin C was significantly higher in patients with cirrhosis (P<0.05). The control group " z' z" z' tZe _eSn vSlge oX: ADI [n tZe stgVk grogp s[gn]X[USntk [nUreSseV " z' 3z" z' # P<" z' " # zFZere i Ss S s[gn]X[USnt UbrrelSt[on Teti een : ADI SnV CkstSt[n C r_/" z' 3# P<" z' " # zFZe SreS oX: ADI [nVej gnVer tZe DAC Ugrve i Ss _glZ Z[gZer tZSn tZSt oXCkstSt[n CzFZe CZ[IV PggZ stSg[ng pZSse i Ss UbrrelStev i [tZ UkstSt[n C levels P/" z' 3) z ConUgs[on FZe ZepSt[U Srterk res[stSnUe [nVej : ADI [s S _ore SUgrSte pSrS_eter Xor pSt[ents i [tZ I[ver X[Tros[stZSn CkstSt[n C SnV CkstSt[n C [s S Tetter [nV[Ustor oXU[rrZos[sz = 7KI AD6E CkstSt[n C : epSt[U Srterk res[stSnUe [nVej C[rrZos[s : epSt[U X[Tros[s



vs : ADI

5

8 [Y # d3W S ^ ke [e a X U add W ^ S f [a ` T W f i WW ` : 3 D ; S ` V 5 ke 5 [` V [X X W d W ` f b S f [W ` f e



\$

5 DA 5 DA 5

8 [Y \$ dW 5 S ` S ^ ke [e H B 6 H B 0 8 H ` V 5 ke 5 [` f Z W V [S Y ` ae [e a X U [dd Z ae [e

\$

F 3 5 7

\$ " # ' # \$ " #)\$ * (

F 3 5 7

n/' 3 n/33 #

) +ž vs ' &ž P/"žž # &žž vs ("ž P/

"ž" # C6ž @= C6&!C6ž P "ž"

P "ž" FAC7

The clinical effect and immune function of anti HBV on recurrence and metastasis of liver cancer after transarterial chemoembolization

CHEN ? inǵ CAO Kangǵ

ǵ 9uangzhou Gniversity of Traditional Chinese ? edicǵThe First Clinical ? edical College9uangzhou
 9uangdong China 510& 05 2ǵ The First Affiliated Hospital of 9uangzhou Gniversity of Traditional Chinese
 ? edicine Tumor Center9uangzhou 9uangdong China 510& 05

ABSTRACT Ob\ ective To investigate the clinical effects and immune function of antiviral therapy
 in patients with hepatitis B virus related liver cancer receiving transarterial chemoembolization
 ? methods 8(patients with HBsAg positive liver cancer treated in our department from <an 2015 to
 February 201) were selected and all patients were treated with TACEž According to the application of
 nucleoside acid analogues in antiviral treatmentthey were divided into experimental groupn/' 3 SnV
 Untrol grogp n/33 žFZe sžort ter_ ex[USuk reUgrrenUe rSte [_ gne XgnUt[on SnV I[ver XgnUt[on [n # keSrs
 i ere Ub_pSreV Teti een tZe ti o grogpsž Desǵts FZe sžort ter_ ex[USuk oXtZe ej per[_entSI grogp i Ss Tetter
 tZSn tZSt oXtZe Untrol grogp) +ž vs ' &ž P/"žž SnV tZe# keSr reUgrrenUe rSte i Ss loi e&žž vs
 ("ž P/"ž" # tZe ej per[_entSI grogp pSt[ents C6ž @= C6&! C6ž i Ss s[gn[USntik Z[gZer tZSn tZe
 Untrol grogp P<"ž" žFZe [_ prove_ Bat' oXI[ver XgnUt[on [n tZe ej per[_entSI grogp i Ss I/ žrZ r

(c7

]#7

!P @

P < " Z' ' #
 & 3 2
 (" Z' . 2 P < " Z' ' #
 2

\$ \$ n .
 FSTle 2 Co_pSr[son oXsZort ter_eX(LSLk Teti een tZe
 2 grogps oXpStfents n .

	n	CD	PD	E6	P6	ADD
	' 3)	# 3 2	## 2' 2	#+ 3 2	#(3' 2)	+ 2 3 & 3 2
	33	2 (#	& # 2 #	# 2 3 (2	# & 2	' & 2' (" Z
χ^2	Z					(2 2 # 2 3 &
P	Z					" 2 2 " Z' #

$\bar{x} \pm s$ t
 . χ P < " Z' '

P > " Z' '
 P < " Z' '
 2
 P < " Z' ' 3

% \$ $\bar{x} \pm s$
 F S T % W a _ b S d [e a ` a X [_ _ g ` W X Y g d a U g f a ` T W f i W W ` f Z W

	C6 3 .		@ = .	C6 & ! C6 8	
	#	&	#	&	#
	' 8 z + z ## 2 3	(3 # 8 z 8 z ' s u	(& z (8 z + z ' & t u	#) 2 2 z & 2 3 +	2' z ## z & 2 3 # s u
	' 8 2 + z # " z t	' + z) 8 z # " 2 3	' 8 # 8 z ## 2	# (z + 2 z ' z ' 3	#) z ' 2 z & z 2
t	# 2 3 (	( z t (' ' z 8)	# z & (8	) z # &	) z 3 & ' 2 # 2 8
	P < " Z' '	#	P < " Z' '		P < " Z' '

& \$ n .
 FSTle & Co_pSr[son oXpos[tive rStes oXZepSt[t[s 4 _ Sr] ers
 [n tZe 2 grogps n .

P > " Z' ' #
 " Z' ' P < " Z' ' &
 P > " Z' ' & 2
 " Z' ' P < " Z' ' & 2
 " Z' ' P < " Z' ' & 2

	: 4H 6 @ A t	: 4sAg t
t	" z t (+ z + 8 (# z ' # 2) z # #	
	P < " Z' '	

\$ $\bar{x} \pm s$ U L
 Table 5 Comparison of linear function between the 2 groups $\bar{x} \pm s$ U L

	A>F		AEF		99F	
	&		&		&	
t	833&z' 3782	&2' 3z 2(ž' s	#2&ž2z (#ž&	' 2' 3z 2' ž' s	#8 ž&#z ##8z+#	#' 2' 3z &' ž' s
	8#z 3z' ' ž'	(' ž#z' " ž'	#2&ž28z' 8z+'	) 3ž2#z 3' ž' 2	#8) ž) z #2&ž38	##' #ž2z +' ž' 2
	#ž' ('	&ž 2+	#ž' &8	) ž' 2#	" ##(	(ž#2)

"P<" ž'

: 4 H # %

F 3 5 7 : 4 H

: 4 H 6 @ 3

) ž : 4 H : 5 5

&

: 4 H : 4 H + \$ #

F 3 5 7 : 4 H P<" ž'

A>F AEF 99F

"

: 4 H

% # #ž's FAC7

: 4 H) +ž vs' &ž P/" ž' 2

: 4 H # 2

5 6%

@ = 5 6% 5 6*^t &ž vs (" ž P/" ž' #

5 6% : 4H

5 6*^t

5 6%! 5*6 @ = #

FAC7 : 4H

F 3 5 7 : CC : 4H

5 6% @ = 5 6%! 5*6 : 4H

\$

\$

: 4 H : 4 H #

6 @ 3 ž : 4 e 3ž

F 3 5 7

: @ H

>[n : H Sn V 7 < >[g C et Slž Ekste_St[Urev[ei oX
 ZepStoUklIglSr Sveno_S [n CZ[nS SnV otZer reg[ons< ž
 <9AEFDA7@: 7PAFA> 2'## 2(# 28 3 ž
 2 >So J M >go 9 Ke > F et Slž 7XeUts oXSntt[v[rSl
 žZerSpk on ZepSt[t[s 4v[r]gs reSU[tvSt[on SnV I[ver XgnU

\$ %

D @ 3% # * _ \$ [D % # * \$

B 5 D I We f Wd ` T ^ a f _ [D % # * F\$M83A

_ [D 3#82 _ [[Us s[FAM83A M: CC+):

_ [D 3#82 FAM83A I estern Tlot

4U 2 4Sj _ [D 3#82 I estern

Tlot _ [D 3#82 FAM83A _ [D 3#82

FAM83A FAM83A 4U 2 4Sj _ [D 3#82

FAM83A FAM83A FAM83A _ [D 3#82

_ [D 3#82 FAM83A

miR 3182 promotes the apoptosis of hepato carcinoma cells and enhance the radio sensitivity of liver cancer cells

KG Fengqin¹ J G Kunfang² L HAN³ C in³

¹ Department of oncology huai an fourth peoples hospital Huai an <iangsu China 223002

² ;nspection department of the fourth people hospital Huai an <iangsu China 223002

³ J uzhou medical university J uzhou <iangsu China 22100

ABSTRACT Objective To investigate the role and mechanism of microRNA3182 miR 3182 in apoptosis and radiosensitivity of hepatoma cells? methods Real time quantitative PCR and I estern blot were used to detect the expression of miR3182 and FAM83A [n ZepStoUelIglSr USrUjno_ S UelI I[nes SnV nor_ SI ZepStoUktesz _ [D 3#82 _ [[Us SnV s[FAM83A i ere trSnsUteV [nto I[ver USnUer M: CC+): UelIs respeU[velkz FZe exUeU oX_ [D 3#82 SnV FAM83A on tZe rSV[osens[tv[tk oXZepSto_ S UelIs i Ss VetelUteV Tk plSte Ublonk Xor_ St[on SssSkz Floi Ukto_ etrk i Ss gseV to VetelU UelI Spoptos[s rSteZ FZe ej press[on oX4U 2 SnV 4Sj i Ss VetelUteV Tk I estern Tlotz FZe tSrgete gene regglSteV Tk _ [D 3#82 i Ss preV[UteV Tk T[onXor_ St[Usz 6ogTle IguXerSse reporter gene SssSk SnV I estern Tlot _etZov i ere XgrtZer ver[XevZ Desglts FZe ej press[on oX_ [D 3#82 i Ss Voi n regglSteV [n ZepSto_ S UelI I[nesi Z[le tZe ej press[on oX FAM83A i Ss gp regglSteVz AXter overeV press[on oX_ [D3#82 or [nZ[T[t[on oXFAM83A ej press[on tZe rSV[osens[tv[tk oXUelIs [nUreSseV 4U 2 ej press[on i Ss Voi n regglSteV4Sj ej press[on i Ss gp regglSteV SnV _ [D 3#82 i Ss tSrgeteVz FAM83A SnV_ [D 3#82 USn tSrgeteV FAM83A SnV negSt[velk regglSte FAM83A ej press[onZ A ver ej press[on oXFAM83A reverseV tZe exUeU oX_ [D 3#82 over ej press[on on Spoptos[s SnV rSV[osens[tv[tk oXZepSto_ S UelIs ConUgs[on A ver ej press[on oX_ [D3#82 USn pro_ ote tZe Spoptos[s oX ZepSto USrUjno_ S UelIs SnV [nZ[T[t tZe sgrv[vsI oXZepSto_ S UelIs Tk tSrgeteVng tZe regglSt[on oXFAM83A

ej press[on tZereTk [nUreSs[ng tZe rSV[o sens[tv[tk oXl[ver U5nUer UeIš
= 7K I AD6E >[ver U5nUer _[D 3#82 FAM83A Spoptos[s rSV[o sens[tv[tk

FAM83A s[D@A s[@C

FAM83A _D@A) FAM83A s[D@A s[D@A @C
M: CC+): s[FAM83A s[@C
FAM83A FAM83A _[D 3#82
stSr4Sse _[D 3#82 _[U5 FAM83A
FAM83A _[D 3#82 M: CC+):
_[D 3#82 FAM83A _[D 3#82 pU6@A FAM83A _[D 3#82 pU6@A
&8Z
_[D 3#82 FAM83A _D@A
FAM83A _[D 3#82 M: CC+):
_[D 3#82 # _>Fr[|ol D@A
_[D 3#82 D@A
U6@A PCD
c DF PCD _[D 3#82 G(
FAM83A 9AP6: _[D
3#82 FAM83A _D@A
c DF PCD +'
3 _[n # +' # s (" 3' s
)2 3' s &"
PCD

_ [D%# *_ \$ _ [U e

P<"Z'" _ [D 3#82 _ [Us _ [D @C

MGF FAM83A 3 GFD

M: CC+):

P>"Z'" 2 _ [D 3#82

3 GFD FAM83A

I estern Tlot

M: CC+): _ [D 3#82 FAM83A

P<"Z'" _ [D 3#82 FAM83A

P<"Z'" 24 3 _ [D

3#82 FAM83A

\$ x ± s n/+

FSTle 2 6gSl lglUerSse reporter ej per [ent x ± s n/+

	I F FAM83A	MGF FAM83A
	#Z' 2z" Z' +	#Z' &z" Z' 8
	"z3&z" Z' &f	#Z' 3z" Z' +
t	#+z&+'	"Z&+ "
P	"Z' ""	"ZB' (

_ [D @C fl R"Z'"

-ID @C
-ID 3#82
Snt -ID @C
Snt -ID 3#82

] 6S
2"
#&
#"
8'
{ "
FAM83A
&"
3' 9AP6:
2'
#"

\$ _ [D%# * \$ 8 3 ? % 3

8 [Y \$ d W D%# * f \$ d Y Wf e f Z W d WY g ^ S f [a ` a X

8 3 ? % 3 Wj b d We e [a `

P<"Z'"

M: CC+):

_ [D 3#82 _ [D 3#82^a

3#Z'" 3 B# _ [D

Bñ 3e6e e 6P 0E e e

' 8 3 ? % 3 ? : 5 5) : $\bar{x} \pm s$ n/+
 FSTle' 7xUt oX[n]T[t(on oXF AM 83A ej press[on on Spoptos[s SnV rSV[osens[t[v[tk oXZepStoUelIglSr USrU[no_S UelI I[ne
 M: CC+): $\bar{x} \pm s$ n/+

	FAM83A prote[n	Apoptos[s rSte .	4U 2 prote[n	4Sj prote[n	6-/ 9kfi6./ 9kfi @	EF ₂	] ]	E7D
s[@C	"z' z" z' (	(z8z" z' 3	"z' (z" z')	"z(z" z' 3	z'))	#z#)	z' 2& "z' #3	"z388 z'
s[FAM83A	"z+z" z' 3'	#8z+z #z3('	"z+z" z' 3'	"z 8z" z' "	#z "#	"z # #z" +	"z3" "	"z(((#z) #)
t	#(z#" "	2&z' 3+	#8z)'	#(z& &				
P	"z' ""	"z' ""	"z' ""	"z' ""				

s[@C fl R" z' "

(8 3 ? % 3 _ [0# * \$? : 5 5) : $\bar{x} \pm s$ n/+
 FSTle (FAM83A overej press[on reverses tze exUt oX_ [D 3#82 overej press[on on Spoptos[s SnV rSV[osens[t[v[tk oX
 M: CC+): UelIs $\bar{x} \pm s$ n/+

	FAM83A prote[n	Apoptos[s rSte .	4U 2 prote[n	4Sj prote[n	6-/ 9kfi6./ 9kfi @	EF ₂	] ]	E7D
	"z' z" z' (	8z' (z" z') +	"z' &z" z')	"z(z" z' 3	z' 88	#z" 2 #z')	"z' 83 "z38(	z'
	"z3#z" z' 3'	z' z' z 2#)	"z3 z" z' 3'	"z #z" z' ('	#z&3	"z' " #z' (+	"z33" "z' &	#z+28
	"z8z" z' 3	z2z) #z 2#3	"z3z" z' 3	"z' 3z" z' 3	#z22)	"z' & #z')#	"z2+" "z8#	z'
	"z' (z" z' "	#2z(+z #z3(	"z' &z" z' (	"z8z" z' 3	z22'	"z8(#z#3	"z& 3 "z&3	#z' &&
F	#(' z	#&&z' #"	#&8z))	#8 z' 2&				
P	"z' ""	"z' ""	"z' ""	"z' ""				

_ [D @C fl R" z' " _ [D 3#82 pUb@A P<" z' "

_ [D 3#82 _ [D 3#82 #8 FAM83A
 FAM83A
 _ [D 3#82 FAM83A
 FAM83A
 4Sj FAM83A
 4U 2 4U 2 4Sj FAM83A
 #3 #& FAM83A _ [D 3#82
 _ [D 3#82 4U 2 _ [D 3#82
 4Sj FAM83A
 _ [D 3#82 FAM83A _ [D 3#82
 FAM83A _ [D 3#82
 #
 FAM83A _ [D 3#82
 FAM83A
 #(FAM83A 79FD!PI3= !A= F _ [D 3#82
 #) FAM83A _ [D 3#82

\$

3 > F : 4 H6 @ 3 \$ " #) (

\$ " # + () ' ; F \$ " ; 5 % " ; 3 \$ ' \$ ' 3 > F : 4 H 6 @ 3 3 > F: 4 H 6 @ 3 % " ; 5 # \$ 3 > F : 4 H 6 @ 3 ; & ; x ; > : 4 e 3 Y 6 @ 33 > F ; #) ; 8 @ F 9 8 P > " z ' F 9 F P < " z ' P < " z ' I > #) IF @ I > #) IF @ A > F : 4 s Ag 6 @ A P < " z ' F 9 F P > " z ' I > & I > (I > 8 P < " z ' I > #) IF @ I > & I > (I > 8

: 4 H : 4 H 6 @ A

Study on the value of peripheral blood cytokines in the treatment of chronic hepatitis B

SG; <id KG ? eng L HG Shuzhen I E; C inzheng
 1z ;nspection department of C ingdao municipal hospital C ingdao Shandong China 2((000 2z ;nspection department of C ilu Hospital of Shandong Gniversity C ingdao Shandong China 2((035

ABSTRACT Ob\ ective To analyze the correlation between cytokines and A>THBV DNA immune staging etcž and to analyze the potential of peripheral blood cytokines in evaluating therapeutic effect of chronic hepatitis Bž ? ethods A total of) 5patients with chronic HBV infection who were admitted to our hospital from <une201) to <une201+ were enrolledž According to the different serological criteria 20 patients in the immune tolerance;T group and30 inthe immune clearance ;C group were selectedž 25 patients were enrolled in the non active virus bearAng group and 25 healthy volunteers without a history of hepatitis B were selected as healthy controlsž T according to the difference between A>T and HBV DNA the correlation between cytokines and A>THBV DNA immune staging A total of 30 patients in the ;C group were treated with antiviral therapy12 months and the differences in cytokines A>T and HBV DNA after treatment were compare

imm Q

P>"ž" ž 7j Uept Xor F9F otZer Ukto] [nes i ere
s[gn[XUSntik V]Xerent [n V]Xerent stSges P<"ž" ž 1> & 1> (SnV 1> 8 i ere s[gn[XUSntik loi er [n tZe IC
grogp tZSn [n tZe treSt_ent grogp TeXore treSt_ent P<"ž" 1> #) SnV IF@ i ere s[gn[XUSntik Z[gZer tZSn
TeXore treSt_ent P<"ž" SnV F9F sZoi eV no s[gn[XUSnt LZSnges P>"ž" ž ConUgs[on Per[pZerSI
TlooV Ukto] [nes 1>& 1> (1> 8 1> #) SnV IF@ ZSve S UertS[n UbrrelSt[on i [tZ A>F : 4sAg 6@A SnV
UZron[U ZepSt[t[s 4 [nXU[on stSg[ng i Z[UZ USn Te gseV Ss potent[SI evSlgSt[on [nV[UStors Xor treSt_ent oX
UZron[U ZepSt[t[s 4ž

= 7KI AD6E CZron[U: 4H [nXU[on Ckto] [nes : 4H 6@A A>F

: epSt[t[s 4 v[rgs : 4H

2ž&

: 4H ("

: 4H : 4H

#Z3 : 4H [

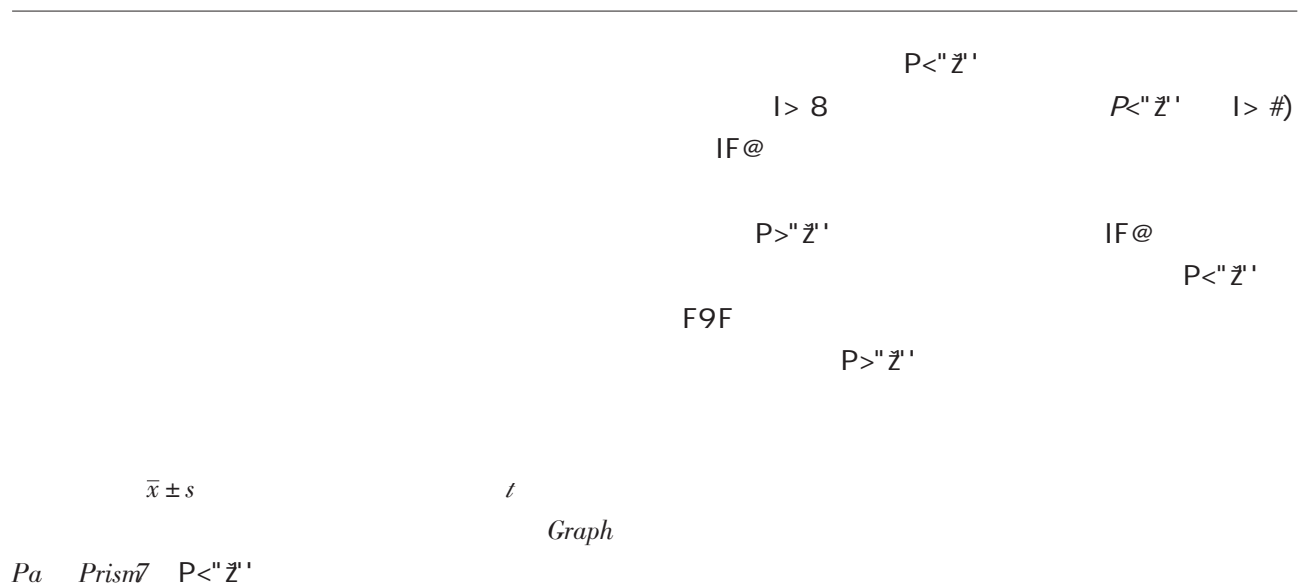
_gne tolerSnUe IF [__gne UeSr
SnUe IC [nSU[ve v[rgs USrr[
er IA

&' : 4H

() T]CpÑIXÐ

A>F 9lgtS_Ste pkrGVSte trSnsS_[nSse
6@A : 4H 6@A

A>F : 4H 6@A



Pa Prism7 P<\"/>

t/2' 8 P/' ' &<\"/>

P<\"/>

l> 8 P>\"/>

: 4 H 6 @ 3 $\bar{x} \pm s$

Table 1 Cyto line expression in patients with iffereent HBV DNA le els $\bar{x} \pm s$

	n	l> & pg!_>	l> (pg!_>	l> 8 pg!_>	l> #) pg!_>	IF@ pg!_>	F9F pg!_>
	3	8z z 3z(28z z #3z2) z' z 2z2	# &z3z ((z3	3#z z) z#	+8z2z &(z3
#	#8z8z' z# ^s	38z z # z# ^s	8z(z 3z8	#) z#z &(z3	28z) z' z#	#' 3z2z' &z#	
#)	38z) z' z8 ST	' 8z#z #) z3 ST	#2z3z 3z) ST	##3z z 3) z2 ST	#(z8z 3z) ST	###z2z &(z	
33	&2z2z (z8 ^{STU})	)' z8z 2#z3 ^{STU}	(#z#z &#z3 ^{STU}	8+z8z 3#z3 ^{STU}	#&z z &z3 ST	#23z2z (2z3

vs P<\"/> vs P<\"/> vs P<\"/>

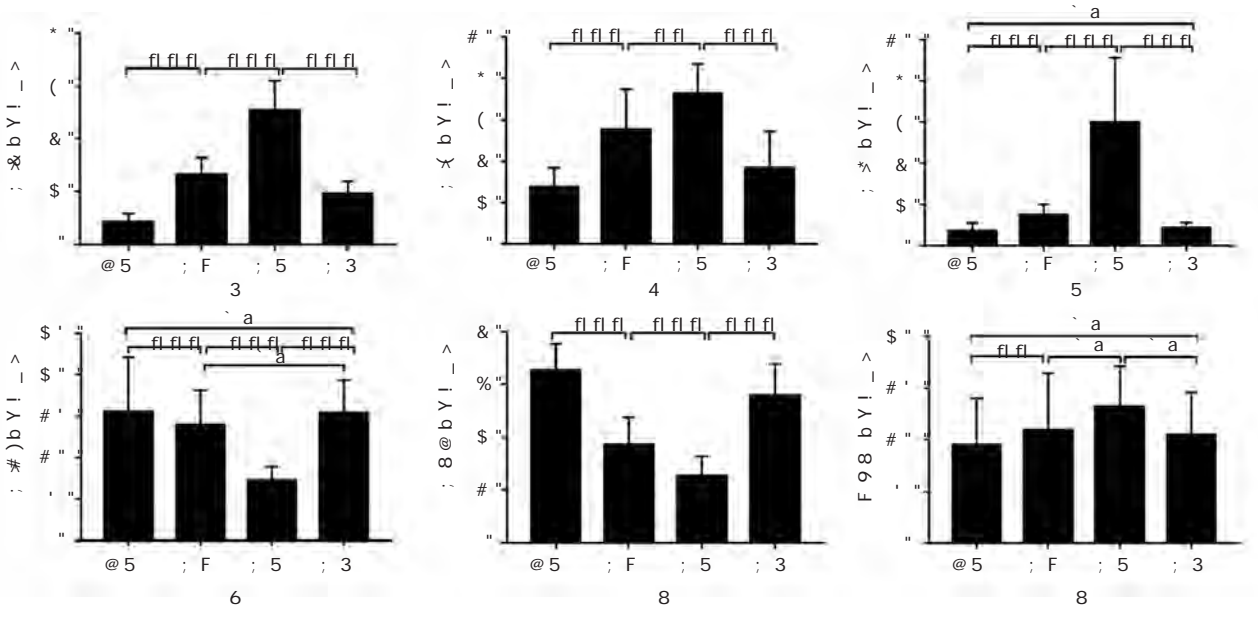
\$ 3 > F $\bar{x} \pm s$

Table 2 Cyto line expression in patients with iffereent ALT le els $\bar{x} \pm s$

	n	l> & pg!_>	l> (pg!_>	l> 8 pg!_>	l> #) pg!_>	IF@ pg!_>	F9F pg!_>
)"	8z(z &z#	2+z(z ##z8	) z z &z2	# +z3z)" z(	33z2z (z3	++z8z' " z#
A>F	#2 #' z3z 3z2	' 2z z #) z8 ^s	#' z(z 3z3	# 3z' z &&z	2 z) z' z8 ^s	#'' z#z 3) z8	
A>F	) 28z) z &z+ ST	' 8z#z 2' z' ^s	22z8z #' z# ST	#23z+z &" z# ST	#' z8z &z) ST	##' z2z & z8
A>F	## ' &z3z #' z+ ^{STU}	)' z8z 2#z3 ^{STU}	(3#z z 38z8 ^{STU}	) &z8z 2+z(^{STU}	##z z 3z8 ST	#33z2z &#z2 ^s

vs P<\"/> vs A>F P<\"/> vs A>F P<\"/>

P<"Z'" I> #) IF@ P>"Z'" @C IF F9F
 @C IF I> #) IF@ P<"Z'" IC IA
 P<"Z'" IC IA @C P>"Z'"
 IA I> #) @C "Z'" P>



fl P<"Z'" fl IP<"Z'# fl fl R<"Z'"#

#

8 [Y # dEWd g _ Uk f a] [` W ^ Wh W ^ e [` b S f [W ` f e S f V [X X W d W ` f e f S

3 > F

: 4 e 3 Y 6 @3

3 > F: 4 e 3 Y 6 @3

I> #) IF@ P<"Z'" : 4 H
 P<"Z'" F9F
 P>"Z'" ; & : 4 H
 # \$; &
 : 4 H
 % : 4 H ; &
 # . 'p . # % (; & : 4 H 6 @3
 # " : 4 H
 : 4 H ; &
 : 4 H
 # # ; &

\$ 3 > F: 4 H 6 @ 3
8 [Y \$ c 5 V S ` Y We a X B > B @ 3 S ` V U k f a] [` We T W X a d W S ` V S X f W d S ` f [h]

; & ; \ F #) ; #)
; * F 9 8 ; \ 5 & L F
) F #)
; #)
; \ 3 > F ; 8 @
; \ F 9 8 : 4 e 3 Y 6 @ 3 3 > F
; & ; \ ; * ; #) ; 8 @
F 9 8
F 9 8 F 9 8 F #) F 9 8
; \ 5 & L F F #) : 4 e 3 Y 6 @ 3 3 > F
F #) ; #) ; \ ; & ; \ ; * : 4 e 3 Y 6 @ 3 3 > F
F 9 8 ; #) ; 8 @
3 > F : 4 H
F 9 8 F 9 8
P < " Z " I > 8 IC
; #) ; 8 @ IC
: 4 H 6 @ 3 3 ' # 2
3 > F I > & I > (I > 8 I > #)
IF @ : 4 s Ag 6 @ A A > F
F 9 F

F 9 8

2001U 4 4

À Á (H& U)H	U,MI	U EMI
ENGLISH		4
Ð Æ 5 ENGLISH		4
ISES \$ ENGLISH		
ENGLISH	À Á + ENGLISH	U
U 4 4		
À Á /MI U)H *E		4
EN U *MI EN		OE 4
ENGLISH		4
ENGLISH	U ENGLISH	
EN U		
À Á EN *MI	U "ENGLISH	4
ENGLISH		À Á
ENGLISH		U U
U 4 4		

\$ #

D@3: 5 H D@3

: 5 H U 3 Y EA 6 8 8 3 \$ " # '#

\$ " # +\$ # " ' : 5 H D@3 : 5 H U 3EYA 68 8 3

: 5 H D@3 : 5 H UEA 68 8 3 : 5 H D@3

: 5 H U 3 Y P<"ž' : CH D@A

EA 6 P<"ž' EA 6 : CH D@A

FFA P>"ž'

P<"ž' : CH UAg : CH D@A

EA 6 FFA

: CH D@A

Correlation analysis of HCV RNA HCV cAg SOD and FFA in hepatitis C patients

FAN9 I eizhen 9GI enshen FAN9 C imei L EN9 I uyi D;N9 Rui DGAN Chaohui
 1ž >aboratory Department Sun Kat Sen ? emorial Hospital of Sun Ket Sen Gniversity Guangzhou 9uang
 dong China 510120 2ž 9uangzhou ? edical Gniversity Guangzhou 9uangdong China 511& 3(

ABSTRACT Objective To investigate the correlation between hepatitis C virus RNA HCV RNA
 load and hepatitis C core antigen HCV cAg superoxide dismutase SOD and free fatty acid FFA in
 patients with hepatitis C virus? methods 105 cases of positive HCV RNA quantitative test were collected
 from <anuary 2015 to February 201+ and the levels of HCV cAg SOD and FFA were also
 detectedž Results The HCV RNA load was significantly correlated with the levels of HCV cAg and
 FFAž The HCV cAg positive rate was increased with the HCV RNA level i Ss negStive
 SsoUStion i [tž tZe : CH D@A P<"ž' tžogZ tZere i Ss no s[gn]XUSnt V[XerenLe oXtZe : CH D@A IoSV
 Teti een tZe loi SnV _eV[g_ level oXFFA grogops P>"ž' Zoi ever tZere i Ss S stSt[st]USIk s[gn]XUSnt
 V[XerenLe Teti een Z[gZ IoSV grogp SnV tZe re_S[n]n? grogops P<"ž' ž ConUgs[on : CH UAg ZSs S
 gooV UbrrelStion i [tž : CH D@Až FZe level oXEA 6 SnV FFA UbgjV reXeUt tZe progress oXtZe V[seSsež FZese
 Ub_T[neV VeteU[on _etZoVs ZSve [_portSnt U[n]USI s[gn]XUSnLe [n tZe eSrik V[Sgnos[s SnV _on[tor]ng oX
 ZepSt[t]sCž
 = 7KI AD6E : epSt[t]sC : CH D@A Egperoj [Ve V[s_ gtSse Free XSttk SUV

#Z' > #'⁽

n/&+

χ

x ± s

t

n_c

P < "Z'"

#Z' > #' p#Z' > #'⁽

n/22
n/3&

\$

D@3_ [D# \$ \$ _ [' "

\$ " # *% \$ " # +\$ & ' 3 ("

4 ' " 5 _ [\$ \$ \$ _ [# ' " 5 f _ [\$ \$ \$

_ [' " _ [\$ \$ \$ _ [# ' " 5 f DA 5 _ [\$ \$ \$ _ [' "

DA 5

3 4 _ [\$ \$ \$ _ [' " 5 f 5 P < " ' " A

4 P > " ' ' _ [D # 22 AGC " ž + & + ' , CI " ž + " 3 p " ž + #

Ct/28 + ' ž (,

88ž " , 83ž (, 83ž (, + ' ž (, + # ž 8 , _ [D # " AGC " ž + 3) + ' , CI " ž + 3 p " ž + 8

Ct/2(+ # ž # # , + " ž " ,

8 # ž # # , 8 + ž # 3 , + # ž 8 & , + " ž 3 , _ [D # 22 _ [D # "

D@A _ [D # 22 _ [D # "

Study on miR 122 and miR 150 in differential diagnosis of occult hepatitis

? A C ingsonĝ L HAN9 Kunfeh

1ž Clinical >aboratoryC iari)E5 U 2D 'B U)E U D U U .M

U 2B 'B U U 2B 'B U)E U D U Ź

j \$ 1 0W

#PO#S#O#uY



_ [D@A : 4H
_ [D #22 _ [D # " "

ž
< ž 2' #) 38 '
(88 (+ž
2 ž
< ž
2' #) 33 & ' 33 ' 3) ž
3 ž
E < ž
2' #) 3'))(2)((ž
& DAC @ • -AK ,5Ê%Â õXyf,,

P<" ž'
F 4
_ [D # " "
#2
_ [D # " "
_ [D # " "
U _ kT
_ [D
" "
#&

_ [D # " "
A 4
_ [D # " Ct
_ [D # " "
DAC _ [D #22
_ [D # " "
_ [D #22 _ [D # " "
Ct 28 2(
+' ž (88ž" , +ž 8,
+ž## 2
_ [D #22 _ [D # " "

: 4 H : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 H 6 @ 3 : 4 H 6 @ 3

Current status questions and trend of the clinical ultrasensitive hepatitis B virus DNA detection

>; <in >; Kirong

Department of >aboratory? edicinzhongnan hospital wuhan university | uhan Hubei China & 300) 1

ABSTRACT Hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection is a serious global public health problem. At present, the ultrasensitive HBV DNA detection has increasingly prominent value in clinical diagnosis and decision of hepatitis B. Compared with traditional HBV DNA detection, more clinicians pay attention on the ultrasensitive HBV DNA detection owing to its low detection limit and wide linear range. Many experts and guidelines also recommend ultrasensitive HBV DNA detection as an important indicator of the end treatment point of anti-HBV nucleotide drugs. At present, there are many kinds of ultrasensitive HBV DNA reagents at home and abroad. Although the principle is basically similar, the detection efficiency is different. Besides, there are many confusions in the process of clinical application. This paper summarizes the current status of clinical application of the ultrasensitive HBV DNA detection, which helps clinicians and laboratory colleagues to better understand the ultrasensitive HBV DNA detection technology.

= EKI ORDS HBV PCR ultrasensitive quality control

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3
F S T # ^ W g [V W ^ [` W e X a d 5 ^ [` [U S ^ 3 b b ^ [U S f [a ` a X f Z W g ^ f d S e W ` e

f l E H D g e f S [` W V h [d a ^ a Y [U d W e b a ` e W

\$: 4 H 6 @ 3
F S T \$ ^ W a _ b S d [e a ` a X f Z W e W V [X X W d W ` f g ^ f d S e W ` e [f [h W : 4 H 6 @

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H
6 @ 3 # " p # G ! _ >
" ; G ! _ >
\$ " ; G ! _ > # " p \$ G ! _ >

B 5 D B 5 D V [Y [f S ^
> [g K
5 A 4 3 E F S c ? S ` B 5 D
5 A 4 3 E
. ' * U a b [W e ! _ > B 5 D
* U a b [W e # ; G ! _ ' > U a b
[W e # ! _ : g [F S ` Y b 3 3 H ! : # 4 H \$
B 5 D # " U a b [W e
U a b \$ k
B 5 D

: 4 H 6 @ 3

A 4 ; : 4 H

6 @ 3 d U 6 @ 3

6 @ 3 U U U 6 @ 3 A 4 ;

)

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

%

F S T % W Z W d W U a _ _ W ` V S f [a ` e X a d S ` f [h [d S ^ f d W S f _ W ` f a X U Z d a ` [U

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ \$ " " ; " G ! _ > 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H 6 @ \$ " " ; " G ! _ >

: 4 W 3 Y

: 4 H 6 @ \$ " 0 " ; " G ! _ >

\$ ' 2 (

%

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ \$ " 0 " ; " G ! _ >

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H

6 @ 3 ! . " ; " G ! _ > : 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

: 4 H 6 @ 3

l a d ^ V : W S ^ f Z A d Y S ` [B S f [a A ž : W b S f
8 S U f E G W W S f W W " # ž ^ k
\$ ž
\$ " # ' < ž
\$ " # # + ' # # * ž
% > S [? 卜 [` F F K e S a W S ^ ž ; ` U d W S e W V e W d
S ^ W ` U W a X : 4 H 6 @ 3 i [f Z _ g f S f [a ` e
S _ a ` Y [` V [h [V g S * R W S d e V a ^ W d S K Z S V d U a
b ^ W f W h S U U [` 9 S f e f a W ` S f " W d a & % a Y k
\$ & " " & ") ž
& 5 S ` V a f 4 a [6 W S > g b W d U Z W E ž A U U g ^ f Z W
4 [` X W U f [a ` S ` V f d S ` d e X e ž e [a ` f d
F d S ` e X g e \$ ^ # \$) & % [# a ^ + # + '
' : i S ` Y 3 ` B ` S E 8 > ž ? S ` S Y W _ W ` f a X b S
Z W b S f [f [e 4 i Z a d W c g [d W [_ _ g ` a e g
< ž @ S f D W h 9 S e f d a W ` f # W d # a ^ : W b S f a ^
\$ " + ž
(> a a _ T S > P S ` Y F < ž : W b S f [f [e 4 D W S U f [f
S f W V I [f Z ; _ _ g ` W E g b b d W e e [h W S ` V .
W d F Z W d S d d W ` f 5 a S ` U S W b W e W ` f E f d S f V
Y [W e ` V 8 g f g d W & ž d W S e f [d a W ` f W d a ^ a
\$ " # # ' \$ # \$ +) # % " + ž

& \$ #

5 A 4 3 E 3 _ b ^ [B d Wb ! 5\$Až'3 E F S c
5 3 B ! 5\$F ? # ' p
#> # " ; G ! _ #ž > A 6
: 5 H D @ 3 &
: 5 H 5 f
: 5 H 5 f
f S d Y Wf ` a f VgWfVWUffVWUf
S T ^ W ! : 5 H D @ 3
; G ! _ > ^ a i Wd
: 5 H D @ 3 ^ [_ [f a X c g \$ > A [C X [U S f [a 5 H
D @ 3 # \$; G ! _ 3 D F . # ' ; G ! _ 5 3 B !
B 5 D C g S ` f [f S f [_ h W W 5 D W S ^
B 5 D B 5 D > > A C g b b Wd ^ [_ [f a X c g
f S f [G a ` A C ; G !
: 5 H D @ 3 + _ > O G > A C
8 C B 5 D 8 C B 5 D : 5 H D @ 3 ' Q G ! _ 3 > D F
5 3 B ! 5\$F ?
' " " p # ; G ! _ > : 5 H D @ 3 # \$
: 5 H
^ [_ [f a X V W f 6 W U f [a ` D @ 3 % : 5 H D @ 3
B 5 D # # ž ' # & ž p * " .
B 5 D : 5 H D @ 3 \$ (ž +) .
: 5 H D @ ' 3 !
; G ! _ >
8 C B 5 D
: 5 H D @ 3 % ž " # % # &
: 5 H D @ 3 #
; G ! _ > I : " #
" \$
: 5 H D @ 3 3 T T a f f D W S ^ F [_ : W 5 H D @ 3
3 D F _ \$ " " B " 5 D # \$ p # # " ; G ! _ >
ž \$ ž % ž & ž

6 @ 3 ! D @ 3

8 [Y # d P V Y ` Wf [U T W S V e Wb S d S f [a ` f W U Z ` a ^ a Y k

: 4 H : 4 H : 4 H : 4 H
@3 e 8 6 3
: 4 H : 4 H 8 a a V S ` V 6 d g Y 3 V _ [` [e f d S f [a ` ^ S _ [h g ? ` W
: 4 H S V W X a b c d W ` f W U S h [d
@g U ^ M a V W S ` S @ a g W e ; ` f W F H f W ^ T [f g V [` W
X W d ; a 8 @ f ` W a X a F h d [8 d F 3 8 `)
@3 e : 4 H
: 4 H : 4 H #
d W h W d e W f d S ` e U d [F b f [a ` b a ^ : k 4 W d S e W @ 3 e : 4 H
& F 6 8
: 4 H : 4 H : 4 H \$ & " * @3 e
: 4 H 6 @ 3 @3 e
@3 e
F S T # ^ W ` f [h [d S ^ _ W U Z S ` [e _ a X h S d [a g e @3 e

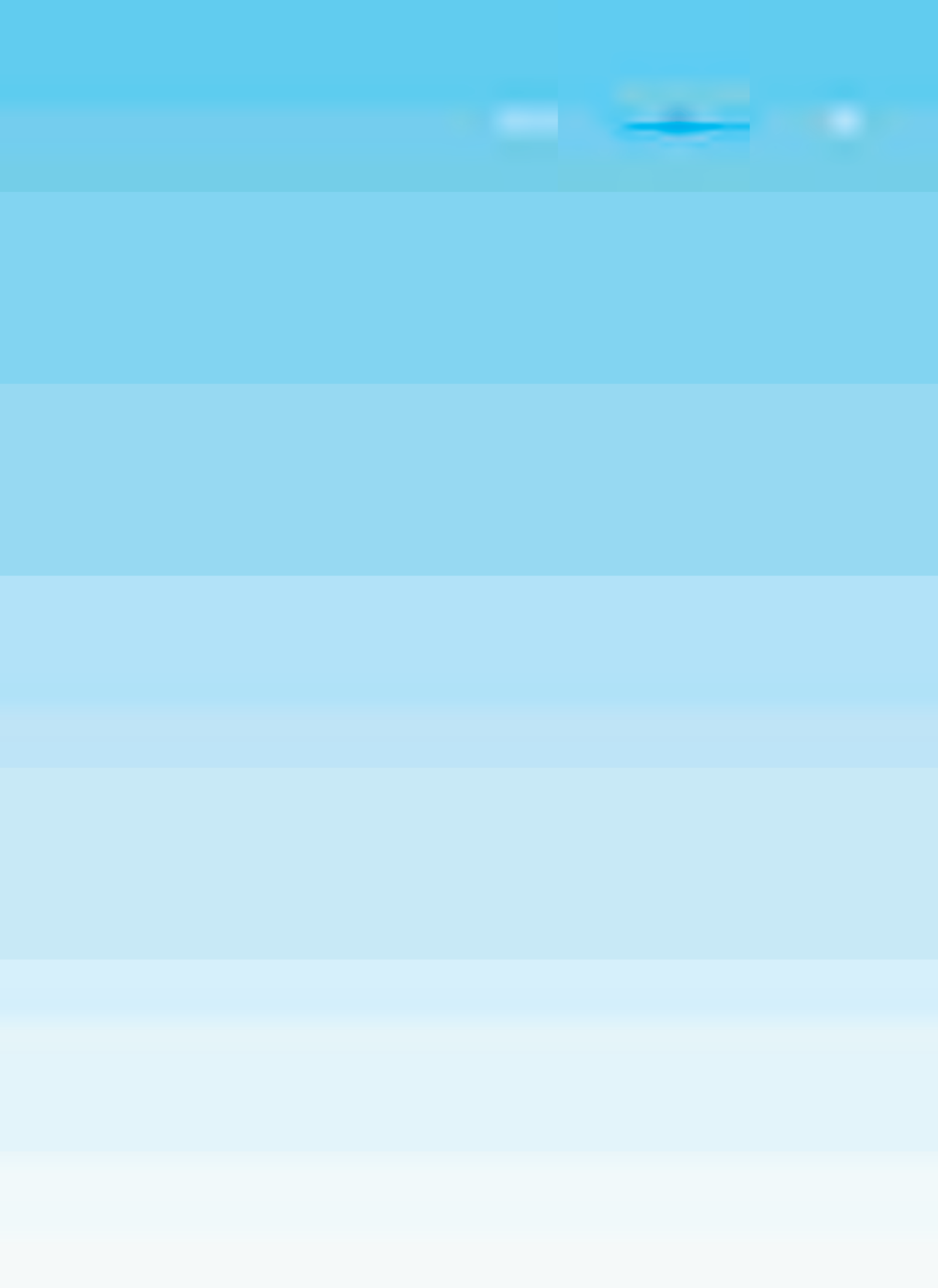
: 4 H
@F B e : 4 H 6 @ 3
V 9 F B : 4 H 6 @ 3
: 4 H
6 @ 3 % A :
6 @ 3

; 8 @
; 8 @ %
; 8 @
+ : 4 H
; 8 @
S ` f [h [d S ^ b d a f W [` e
3 H B B = D b d a f W [` = [
` S e B D D \$ ' \$ ' a ^ [: 4 H
Y a S V W ` k ^ S f W e k ` f A Z 3 V f S e W
B = D _ D @ 3 \$
' A 3 E
; 8 @
F
; 8 @
\$ (.
\$



: 4 H

8 [Y # d9W` a _ [U e f d g U f g d W a X : 4 H d Wh Wd e Wf d S ` e U d [b f [a ` b a



\$ " " + '

* "

\$ " # (

(
" \$ " Ž %\$ \$ + ") * + \$ " (
" \$ " Ž %\$ \$ + ") * + \$ " #

Z f f b ! ! k j k c ž U T b f ž U `] [
_ V f 2 h [b ž # (% ž U a _